Teaching a Live, Online Session Checklist & Resources

Session Preparation Essentials

- **Share technical guides with your audience.** It might be someone's first time in Zoom, so consider sending a short tutorial on testing audio/video in advance. Include this in your reminder email along with other information that your students need in order to come prepared (assignments, readings, etc.).

- **Use a headset and a microphone.** This provides a clear way to capture your voice, and allows you to more clearly hear conversations. Encourage your participants to do the same. Basic earbuds that include a microphone also work very well.

- **Position your webcam and light source.** An external (USB) camera such as the Logitech C920 might provide a better visual experience for your audience than your built-in laptop webcam, but use what you've got. Position your webcam at eye-level (a stack of textbooks works well as a “booster seat”). Position your light source directly in front of you to illuminate your face. To see this in action, watch this short (2 minute) video.

- **Run a tech check.** Test your computer, camera, and microphone in the video conferencing platform at least 24 hours before your scheduled meeting by logging into your session. Use all the equipment (including headset or earbuds) that you plan to use during your session.

- **Join from a location with a strong and stable internet connection.** Reduce background noise by going to a private space. A wired connection is best. If you are using WiFi, then connect from your home or office. Public locations can be spotty.

- **Be on time.** Plan to arrive at least ten minutes before your scheduled meeting. Do another tech check and prepare your desktop for screen-sharing. You can also start interacting with your learners in the chat. Lots of great conversations happen before sessions even begin.

- **Appearance matters.** Clean up your background (what is visible behind you in your physical location) to ensure that it's appropriate/not distracting. Check your lighting conditions. Lastly, be aware of your behavior. When you are on video, people can see what you are doing at all times. It can be easy to forget you're on camera, so just be mindful.

- **Consider recording the meeting.** This allows you to share it with learners who weren't able to attend (or who had to call in from a landline). Make sure that everyone consents before proceeding. If you might forget to record, set a (quiet) alarm to nudge you.
Interacting with Participants

- **Demonstrate instructor presence.** If you are making a rapid shift from land-based to online instruction, your students will likely know you already. However, take a moment to say “hello” and share something appropriately personal at the start of the session to break the ice. Check in with your students via the chat and see how they are managing.

- **Set expectations early on.** Share the agenda and explain how you want your learners to participate. Should they use non-verbal feedback to simulate hand-raising? Add questions and comments in the chat? Will you make use of breakout rooms for small group discussions? Be clear, and take a few minutes to demonstrate the features you’ll be using (and which you expect participants to use).

- **Mute audio when not speaking.** All noises can be picked up by your microphone including typing, shuffling papers, etc. Minimize distractions by muting your microphone when you’re listening. If you are the meeting host (main presenter), you can mute others.

In-Meeting Tips

- **Mute audio when not speaking.** All noises can be picked up by your microphone including typing, shuffling papers, etc. Minimize distractions by muting your microphone when you’re listening. If you are the meeting host (main presenter), you can “mute all.”

- **Check the chat box.** Some participants might not be able to speak up during the meeting. Others might have technical difficulties. The chat box can be used to address those issues as well as provide another place where conversation can take place during the meeting.

- **Check on your screen-sharing.** If you’re not sure whether your participants see the content you’ve intended to screen-share, ask them! If something’s not working right, remember that you can always send files or website links to your participants through the chat. Do your best and don’t let tech challenges throw you off track.

Engagement Tools

- **Start and end strong.** Primacy-recency effect states that people will most remember the first and last five minutes of a learning experience. Use your time wisely by planning a strong start and finish. Stories, videos, images, chats, and polls can all boost engagement.

- **Use the chat.** The chat is your best friend in an online session. While we might discourage chatting in a land-based classroom, the opposite is true in an online session. Encourage your students to comment about the topic at hand in the chat. This will keep them engaged and active. Ask lots of questions, especially if you’re lecturing, and comment on students’ responses in the chat. It’s very easy to use the chat for an informal poll (e.g., share one word that comes to mind when you think of today’s topic). **Formal polls** take time to create.
Switch it up. Just as we want to be mindful of the length of lectures in a land-based classroom, the same is true in an online session. In addition to punctuating your lecture with questions and engaging students in the chat, try not to lecture for more than 10 minutes. Take a break, do an activity, and then resume your lecture if needed.

Try a breakout room. Regardless of the size of your class, you can use breakout rooms in Zoom meetings to boost engagement. Zoom allows you to divide your meeting into 50 separate sessions. Make sure to set clear expectations for what students should be doing in the breakout room (e.g., assign a timekeeper, reporter, leader, etc.). Breakout rooms are not recorded and the chat will switch from a session-wide chat to a breakout room only chat. Students can call on the presenter/teacher for help from within the breakout room.

Assess student learning. Assessment gets a bad rap. It's not what many of us think it is. Rather, it's a tool to help students AND faculty to teach and learn best. This list of 50 Classroom Assessment Techniques (CATs) includes tons of “just-in-time” assessments that you can use to get a read on student learning. Most of these are easily transferable to an online session, and you can use them in a poll or chat. Another alternative is to make use of Google docs, which allows students to easily collaborate on a shared document in real-time or asynchronously. Some of these CATs would work well in Google docs.

Acknowledging Anxiety

Recognize your own anxiety. Aside from the abrupt shift from land-based to online instruction, the reasons behind that shift might be ramping up our stress and anxiety. It is also very normal to feel camera-shy, even if you've been teaching in front of a classroom for years. Take a deep breath, and remember that perfection is not the goal. Be human, do your best, and ask for help when you need it.

Recognize your students' anxiety. Just as these rapid shifts will elicit strong emotions from faculty, so too will our students likely experience higher levels of stress and anxiety that might impact their classroom behavior or experience.

Wrapping Up

Remember to stop the recording. Tell your participants when you do so, as they might have some questions that they were too shy to pose during the recording.

Stick around a bit. Wait for a few participants to leave before you hit the “end meeting” button, so that the closing doesn't feel so abrupt. Thank participants for their time and remember to send any follow-up materials as close as possible to the session timing, so that it's still fresh in participants' minds.
## Online Lesson Planning Template for Faculty

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Strategy</th>
<th>Your Plans/Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Warm Welcome/Check-in</strong></td>
<td>Welcome students to class. Arrive 10 minutes early to allow time for informal chat. Remind students of resources and support.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Activate Prior Knowledge</strong></td>
<td>Share a quick video or story about the day's topic. Ask students to share in the chat their definition/thoughts on the day's topic or run a quick poll.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Lecture</strong></td>
<td>Share slides (Google Slides are awesome). Punctuate your lecture with lots of questions. Encourage participation in the chat. Consider having students work in a shared Google doc during the lecture. Be mindful of lecture length.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Questions</strong></td>
<td>Pause and allow time for questions. Students can come on-camera in most platforms. Also encourage chat questions.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Activity</strong></td>
<td>Run a group activity via breakout rooms in Zoom. Provide clear expectations and assign one person in each group to be the reporter, another to be timekeeper, and another to keep the group on task.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Process Activity</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bring students back into the main room and ask each group to report out. Process together as a large group.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Repeat Lecture, Questions, Activity, and Process Activity as needed.</strong></td>
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| **Plans for Next Class**  
Review plans and expectations for the next meeting. Clarify what students will need to do on their own time. Review resources. |
| **Formative Assessment**  
Use poll, chat, or a Google doc to perform a quick, formative assessment of student learning. The list of 50 CATs is a resource. |

**Resources**

- **How online learning during coronavirus has changed Chinese education**: This article describes the Chinese “stop classes, don't stop learning” approach, and explores cultural differences in education between countries and how online learning highlights some of those differences. For teachable moments, share content like this for class discussion.

- **Emergency Remote Teaching Guidelines**: This POD (Professional & Organizational Development network) spreadsheet offers links to institutions’ continuity resources.

- **Google Hangouts** offers free video conferencing for up to 25 people. If your institution subscribes to the G Suite, **Google Meet** supports larger meetings.

- **OLC Continuity Planning and Emergency Preparedness**: This website includes a variety of resources including links to webinars, podcasts, and courses in teaching online.

- **Effective Online Teaching: Foundations and Strategies for Student Success** (Book)

- **Empowering Online Learning: 100+ Activities for Reading, Reflecting, Displaying, and Doing** (Book)